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**Exam** : **1z0-533**

**Title** : Oracle Hyperion Planning 11  
Essentials

**Vendor** : Oracle

**Version** : DEMO

NO.1 You have the following design requirement: You need to track customer status for a sales planning application. Valid options for customer status include: Active, Inactive, Out of Business. Customer status can change on a month-by-month basis.

What is the best way to build Customer Status into the Planning application?

- A. Attribute dimension
- B. Varying attribute dimension
- C. Smart List
- D. Free Form Text
- E. Alternate hierarchy

**Answer:** C

Explanation:

Administrators use Smart Lists to create custom drop-down lists that users access from data form cells. When clicking into cells whose members are associated with a Smart List (as a member property), users select items from drop-down lists instead of entering data. Users cannot type in cells that contain Smart Lists. Smart Lists display in cells as down arrows that expand when users click into the cells.

NO.2 Management dictates a major reorganization of the company structure, meaning you need to rebuild the Entity dimension from the beginning. You need to delete members in the Entity dimension. Identify the three true statements about deleting members from a Planning application.

- A. You must delete members one by one.
- B. You must delete a reference to a member from all data forms before deleting it from the dimension.
- C. In a data form definition, you selected @IDescendants(IT) for the entity dimension in the page section. The IT member will remain but 2 of its 10 cost centers are being removed. You must remove the reference to "IT" in this data form.
- D. You should back up all data for the deleted entity members; after a member is deleted, the data is not retained.
- E. A database refresh is required after deleting members from the Entity dimension.

**Answer:** B,D,E

Explanation:

B: members of the dimension entity must be first delete in data forms and then in the library dimension

D: Make a backup to retain the information.

E: A refresh of the database is required.

NO.3 Identify the three true statements about attribute dimensions in Planning.

- A. Aliases are supported for attribute members.
- B. Consolidation properties are supported for attribute members.
- C. Hierarchies are supported for attribute dimensions.
- D. Only Text attributes are supported.
- E. Text, Boolean, Numeric, and Date attributes are supported.

**Answer:** A,C,E

Explanation:

A: Open the Dimension Library and select File >

New > Dimension. Enter a name and description, then select the Alias type.

C: From planning 9 3 1 you can also create attribute hierarchy in planning.

E: Attribute dimensions have a type setting-text, numeric, Boolean, or date. Text is the default setting.

NO.4 A Planning Unit has a status of First Pass; what two user types can input data?

A. Anyone with write access to the planning unit

B. Anyone with write access to the planning application

C. Anyone with read or write access to the planning unit

D. The owner of the planning unit

E. The administrator

**Answer:** A,E

Explanation:

A: In all Planning Units states except the Not Started state, users with read access can view data, view the process state, view the history, and read and enter annotations.

E: The Administrator have full access.

Reference: Reference: Oracle Hyperion Planning, Fusion Edition, Release 11.1.1.3, Overview of the Review Process

NO.5 Assuming EAS Business rules, a user cannot see a business rule on a data Form. What are three possible causes?

A. The business rule has not been assigned to the data form.

B. The business rule was created for another plan type.

C. The valid locations have not been defined for the business rule.

D. The valid locations have not been defined for the data form.

E. The Validate and Launch privileges have not been granted for the business rule.

F. The Validate and Launch privileges have not been granted for the data form.

**Answer:** A,C,E

Explanation:

A: Business Rules can be assigned to data forms.

C: You can manage database locations, and the access privileges of repository objects that are assigned to them, using the Location Editor. You can use the Location Editor to create, edit, and copy database locations, assign new access privileges to locations, copy access privileges from one location to another, and copy business rules from one location to another.

E: When you validate a business rule, Business Rules determines whether the member or members you select exist in the database and whether the syntax of the business rule is correct. You need to have access privileges to all rules in the sequence before you can launch it.

Reference: Hyperion Business Rules, Administrative Guide, Release 9.3.1

NO.6 You are designing a form for fast retrieval speed. Assuming a plan type with two dense

dimensions and four sparse dimensions, what is the optimal layout?

- A. Sparse dimensions in Page and POV, Dense dimensions in Rows and Columns
- B. Sparse dimensions in Rows and Columns, Dense dimensions in Page and POV
- C. Sparse dimensions in Page and Columns, Dense dimensions in Rows and POV
- D. Sparse dimensions in Page and Rows, Dense dimensions in POV and Columns
- E. The layout of sparse and dense dimensions has no impact on form performance; only the number cells on a data form impacts form performance.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

The Hyperion Planning gurus gave us the following advice: \*Row and Column contain dense dimensions only \*Page and Point of View (POV) contain sparse dimensions only Suppress Missing Data option enabled so as to not display Rows or Columns without data Split data forms into multiple data forms that contain fewer Rows and Columns To put it more simply - KEEP DATA FORMS SMALL!

Note: Dense dimension: In block storage databases, a dimension likely to contain data for every combination of dimension members. For example, time dimensions are often dense because they can contain all combinations of all members.

Sparse dimension: In block storage databases, a dimension unlikely to contain data for all member combinations when compared to other dimensions. For example, not all customers have data for all products

Point of View (POV): Shows information about other members that are valid for the defined row and column members. POVs identify the database members that populate a data form, and define data intersections. Members on the rows, columns, and POV axes are constant (except when they have dynamic user variables).

Page lists: Display different views (pages) of selected member combinations that can span dimensions, enabling you to work with various member combinations.